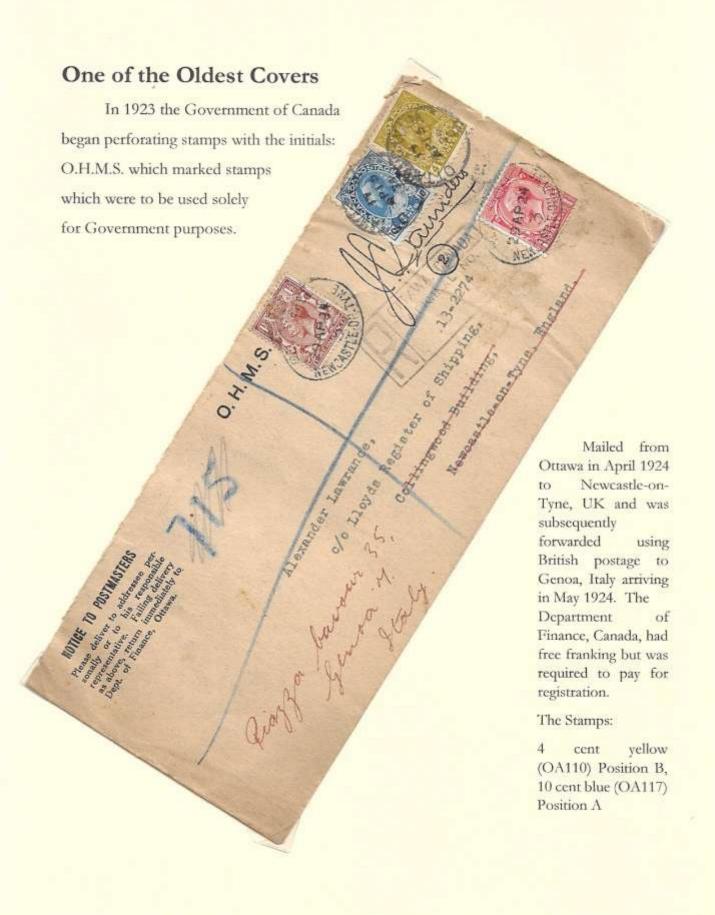
# Postal History of Official Stamps in Canada

For forty years, 1923-1963, the Government of Canada employed "standard" stamps that were perforated O.H.M.S., or overprinted O.H.M.S. or G

These "Official Stamps" were used for Government Deapratments and agencies for their postage needs.

This exhibit surveys the many and varied uses of these "Official Stamps" over the forty years they were employed.

This exhibit includes examples of standard mail, International Post, Special Delivery, wartime uses, First Day Covers, Air Mail, Registered mail, Acknowledgment receipts, and much more...



### A Very Large Five Hole Perforation Multiple



Block of eight of 20 cent Harvesting (OA157) plus two singles:

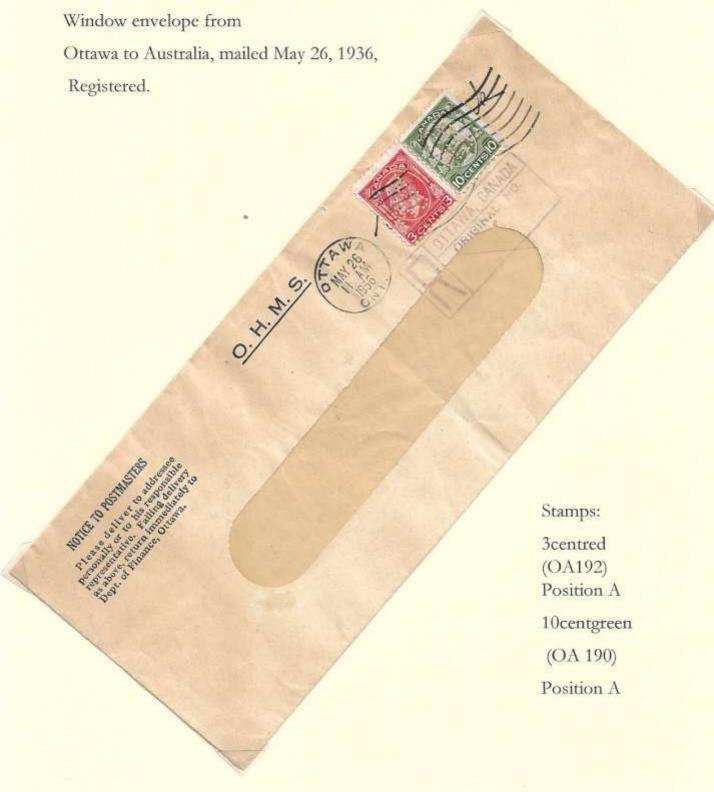
One 20 cent harvesting and

One 10 cent Library of Parliament.

Fully dated CDS cancelled Toronto, September 3, 1931

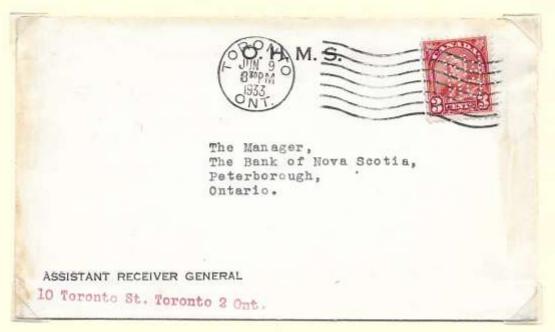
The block of eight shows all 5 dies horizontally including the missing pin in the "S" (right side of third stamp) The 10-cent green is Position A

### Highlights of the Early Years



### Highlights of the Early Years

The Department of Finance was initially the "keeper" of the perforating machine and one of the principal users of early perforated stamps



3 cent red from Leaf Series (OA 167), mailed from Toronto, June 9, 1933 to Peterborough, Ontario



3 cent red Medallion Series, Mailed from Toronto, August 10, 1934 to Goderich, Ontario

### King George VI 1937 The Mufti Issue, Four Hole Perforated



(CUSTOMS AND EXCISE DIVISIONS)





A.E.Kreger Esq.,

Harris Hill, O, t.

500,000-10-20



O. H. M. S.





H. C. Burton & Co.

Mamilton Ont.

DEPARTMENT OF
MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY
M. & S. 63

# King George VI 1937 The Mufti Issue Five Hole Perforated...Contrived Covers?



Special Delivery letter from Canada Militia Field Post Office Petawawa Camp to Montreal, mailed November 1940 Using a 13 cent Halifax Harbour Five Hole. Captain Morgan apparently was related to a stamp dealer in Montreal

# King George VI 1937 The Mufti Issue Five Hole Perforated...Contrived Covers?

A cover with set of Officials: <u>Five Hole</u> Perforated O.H.M.S. 1 – 5 cent plus 10 cent Memorial Hall and 13 cent Halifax Harbour. Mailed from Ottawa to Montreal on November 15, 1938.



See page 9 of this exhibit for another cover addressed to H. I. Nelson

### Royal Visit 1939 First Day Cover

A First day Cover with stamps perforated O.H.M.S. postmarked May 15th, 1939, Ottawa

An unusual item and the question is: How could stamps be perforated before the first day of issue and provided to someone to mail?

The story is that the addressee would bring his own stamps and his friend in the Philatelic Bureau would provide access to the perforating machine and arrange for the postmarks.

Apparently, there are two more such covers.

On page eight of this exhibit there is another contrived cover addressed to the same person at a different address.



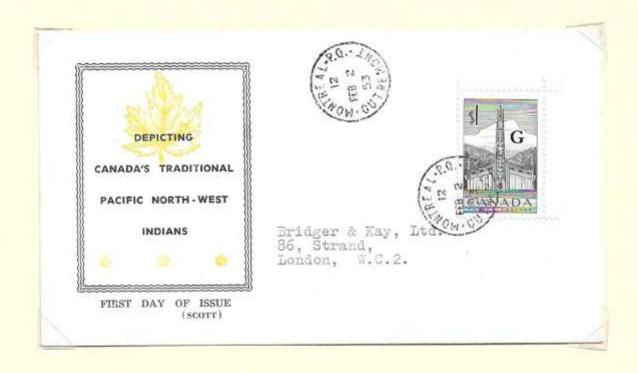
Three stamps issued to Commemorate the Visit of Their Majesties King George VI and Queen Elizabeth to Canada in 1939:

1 cent Princesses: Elizabeth and Margaret

2 cent World War I Memorial

3 cent King George VI and Queen Elizabeth

# First Day Cover...\$1 Totem Pole Overprinted "G" Another Contrived Cover...?



A First Day Cover of the \$1 Totem Pole overprinted "G", appropriately date stamped February 2, 1953, which is the correct date of issue

Mailed from Montreal to Bridger and Kay a well known and long-established stamp dealer in London. (now located in Bristol, UK)



### War Economy Labels...

	Re-U	se This Envelope	. raper is A i	viumuon or w	A1
	FROM: D. T.	O., "H" District.	AY 13 C	B TYAD	
	ATTEN: The City Solicitor P&N.H. 105	CITY OF SASKA  LEGAL DEPARTM  SASKATOON, SA	GENT. ASKATCHEWAN		puisse sarvie da nouvoja
				N, Ontarii.	IN FIVE
POSTMAST If addressee known and r W.P.T.B. at AU MAITR retourner a délivrez pas, comnaissez, p rationnemen	Silt along top to envelope can be a final for the fire R.R.	Estate of the L derick Harold Be	ralogs	IB Prix	el du Commerce en temps de guerra
THE WA	She Warling Prices and Trade Box AT POINT OF MAILING		Commerce en lemps de ge	rerre	

# Official Business Only

Heavy penalty for private use to avoid payment of postage

man and all

# BY AIR MAIL PAR AVION

# H NO

# ON HIS MAJESTY'S SERVICE



Au Comité international de la Crotz-Rou & ,

G B H H V E,

Suisse

POSTAL CENSURSHIP

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL WAR SERVICES

35-6000-26-11-42

EXAMINED BY U. 6/

### Acknowledgment of Receipt Cards

### CST OFFICE DEPARTMENT ADMINISTRATION DES POSTES CANADA

This side to be filled in by office of origin Le recto est à remplir par le bureau d'origine

### REGISTERED ARTICLE

Enroi recommands

ENTERED AT THE OFFICE OF

DATE 12/2/48NDER NO A192-026

ADDRESSED TO Mrs. Hezel E.

COLLEN

Oliver, B.C.

39B-40031-21-11-48

### ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF RECEIPT

AVIS DE RÉCEPTION



PETURNTO Manager

### POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT ADMINISTRATION DES POSTES CANADA

This side to be filled in by office of origin La recta cut à remplie par le mercine d'origine

### REGISTERED ARTICLE

Entri recommundo

ENTERED AT THE OFFICE OF Ottawa

UNDER NO

ADDRESSED TO Ferguson Cleaners,

900 Water St.,

### ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF RECEIPT AVIS DE RÉCEPTION

Date stamp of office of origin Trinory by bureau d'oragine

To be filled in by sender indicate below his full addre

A remplie par l'expéditeur inacrire ci-desauus em adre complète.



RETURN TO

Dominion Bureau of Statistics

Sussex St.,

STREET AND NUMBER

Ottawa.

ORIGIN OF REGISTERED ARTICLE

NTED CHARACTERS

CANADA

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

ON POSTAL SERVICE Service des Postes

(2) RETURN TO 1



RECKNOWLEDGMENT OF RECEIPE

DOMINION ROOM 533

STREET AND

PLACE OF ORIGI

(f) If this advice is to be returned by air, it should be label "By Air Mail".

Si le présent avis doit être rescopé par anien, le resêté Arice".

(2) To be filled in by sender, who will indicate his con A resupir par l'expéditeur, qui doit indiquer aou adre En lettres mendies.

Sen lettres mendies.

39B-79

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

CANADA

MINISTÈRE DES POSTES

ON POSTAL SERVICE Service des Postes



ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF RECEIPT REGIONAVIS DECRECEPTON OFFICER

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS ROOM 533 FEDERAL PUBLIC BLDG.

STREET AND NUMBER VE of NAME OF THE PERSON O

PLACE OF ORIGIN OF REGISTERED ARTICLE

(1) If this advice is to be returned by sir, it should bear very consummer label "By Air Mail" and the label "By Air Mail" and the By Air Mail" and the Si is proceed and delighter remark par union, is recitive is in mention trie apparents "Remail par Arice" at de l'iticastic "Per-

Axion".

(2) To be filled in by semier, who will indicate his complete address for return of this advice.

A respire part expediture, yet delt intiques on adverse complete pour le remoi du présent one.

En lettres meulées.

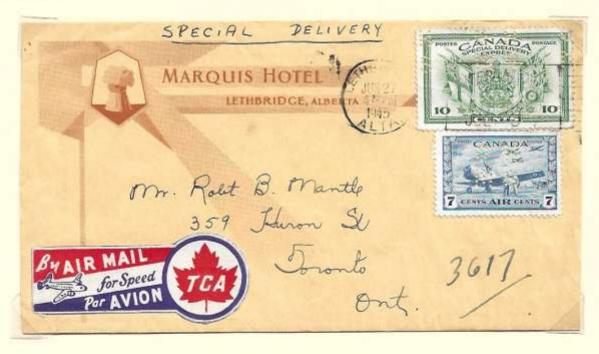
(2) RETURN TO

### Inappropriate Use of Official Stamps

In an attempt to stop inappropriate or illegal use of government stamps by civil servants the Government started perforating stamps with O.H.M.S., then overprinting O.H.M.S. and eventually overprinting G. Although it must have had some impact, the practice continued.

In 1963 the Government of Canada, based on a recommendation in the Royal Commission on Government Organization (also known as the Glassco Commission) moved to using postage meters for government mail

Inappropriate in that Official stamps were used for personal mail. And although there is never 100% certainty, it would appear that the following are examples of inappropriate or illegal use.



A Cover from Marquis Hotel, Lethbridge, used in a mailing to an individual in Toronto.

Mailed June 27, 1945 from Lethbridge to Toronto.

Stamps: 10 cent green Coat of Arms Canada, Special Delivery (OE10) four hole Position A
7 cent R.C.A.F Training Plane airmail (OC8) four hole Position A





Package Containing Evidence sent to RCMP Crime Laboratory, Depot, Regina, Saskatchewan.

A large parcel sent to RCMP Crime Laboratory in Regina.

Given postage of \$12.07 which paid for Registration and mailing, the parcel must have weighed just over 35 lbs.

Mailed September 26th, 1953 from Dawson Creek, British Columbia, sent by air mail to Depot Regina RCMP Headquarters, Crime Laboratory

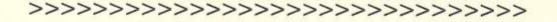
Stamps, All Overprinted "G"

50 cent oil wells, green x 20 in block of 8 and 12

20 cent Pulp and Paper grey x 10 in two blocks of 4 plus a pair

5 cent blue George VI x 1

2 cent sepia George VI x 1



## ROYAL CANADIAN MOUNTED POLICE DAWSON CREEK DETACHMENT.

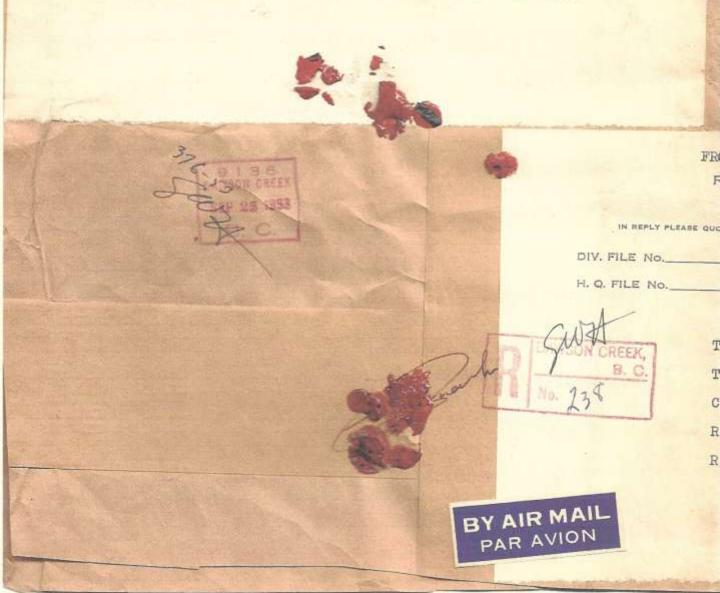
IN REPLY PLEASE QUOTE

DIV. FILE	No	- Tarana
H. Q. FILE	No	

Dawson Creek, B.C. September, 24th, 1953.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THIS PARCEL, TO BE FORWARDED BY AIRMAIL DOES NOT CONTAIN ANY INFLAMMABLE, EXPLOSIVE, DANGEROUS OR DESTRUCTIVE SUBSTANCE OR LIQUID WHICH WOULD CONTRAVENE THE POSTAL REGULATIONS.

(G. Redhead) Cst. RCMP.





### Official Special Delivery



Special Delivery UIC from Hamilton August 2 1953:

Stamps: 10 cent Coat of Arms (EO1) and 7 cent Canada Goose (O31)



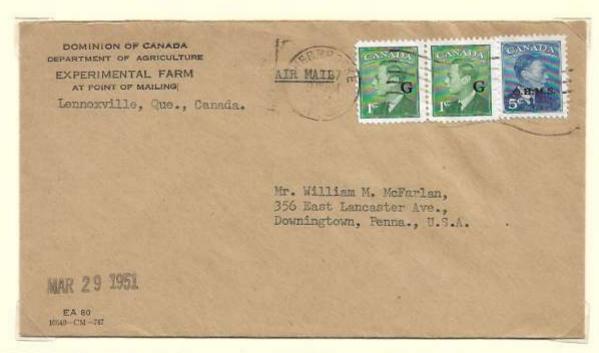
17 cent airmail Special Delivery to San Francisco, USA from Vancouver, 1958

Stamps: 10 cent Coat of Arms (EO1), 1 cent QEII Karsh (O33) & 2x3cent QEII Karsh (O35)

### Air Mail, Registered O.H.M.S.



Mailed 1951 from Ottawa \$1.20 registered to USA Stamps: O18, O20, O22 O25 Rare franking



Mailed 1951 from Sherbrooke PQ, 7 cent airmail To USA Stamps: O16, O15A. Unusual combination

### A Series of Wartime Covers: Airmail, Special Delivery, Registered



### Mailed Ottawa to US, Stamp: 14 cent Ram Tank, Position A

A series of covers from Ottawa addressed to Major H.A Abramson at Edgwood Arsenal, Maryland. Edgwood Arsenal was a military facility focused on chemical warfare, including mind altering drugs. From 1941 until just after the war Canada had a Liaison Officer stationed at the Arsenal

Major Howard Alexander Abramson was a physician and psychiatrist and the medical Officer at Edgwood Arsenal. His focus was chemical warfare especially with mind altering drugs. After the war in 1951 he began experiments with LSD. He was awarded the prestigious Legion of Merit by US Army General of the Chemical Corp in 1946.

### A Series of Wartime Covers: Airmail, Special Delivery, Registered



1940 17 cent airmail to US stamp: OCE2, Position A



1940s Registered to US, Stamps: pair 13 cent ram tank, Position A

### Not Taking any Chances...

Envelope mailed from St. John's Newfoundland March 31, 1949 at 8:30AM using 2 Newfoundland stamps:

One 1 cent and one 4 cent PLUS one 7 cent Goose Airmail stamp from Canada Why?

Newfoundland joined Confederation at midnight on March 31st, 1949

Assume the mailer was not taking any chances and used postage from Newfoundland and Canada



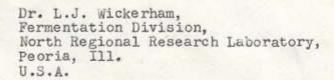
### O.H.M.S. Overprint Covers



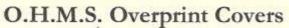
Windsor to London, Ont. October 26, 1950, 21 ounces rate: 44 cents: 4 cents first ounce,

### Fisheries Research Board of Canada

FISHERIES EXPERIMENTAL STATION OF GASPE PENINSULA GRANDE-RIVIERE, P. G., CANADA,



Grande Riviere, PQ to US 4 cent rate NB shifted OHMS



Five cent rate to Greece

Mailed from House of Commons

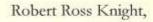
NB Free Frank and Hof C cancellation

Stamp: 5 cent blue George VI (O20)





Lathons, tish Embasset



MP for Saskatoon, CCF Member of Parliament first elected 1945, again in 1949, and 1953, defeated in 1957

### Mixed Periods...

### ...using Perforated, OHMS and/ G Overprints



Registered cover to South Africa, Mailed from Vancouver sub station No. 50, 1952 24 cent surface registered rate

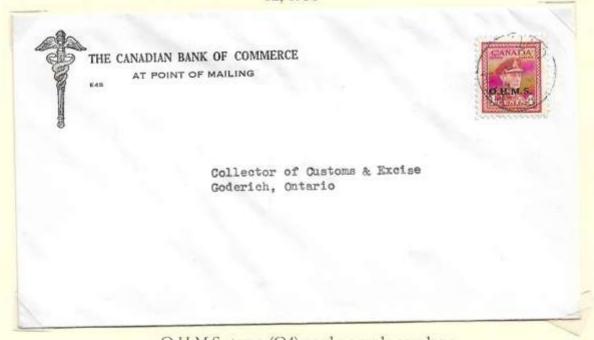
Using stamps from three different types or periods:

1 cent green war issue, four hole perforated (O249) Position F issued 1942
2 cent sepia King George VI Postes-Postage (O17) issued 1949
7 cent Canada Goose overprinted G (O31), issued 1952-53

### O.H.M.S. Overprint Covers



Double Registered, rate 22 cents mailed from War Service Records (Awards), Ottawa May 12, 1950



O.H.M.S stamp (O4) used on reply envelope

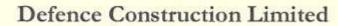
2 cent Official paying printed matter rate to USA Mailed from St. John's Newfoundland, to St. Paul, Minnesota, November 1963 A rare use for a single use. Stamp: O41



Registration Tag, Lethbridge to Calgary District Taxation Office, January 20, 1956







Despite the decision to discontinue

Official Stamps Effective December 31st, 196?

the Government granted

permission to a few

Crown Corporations

to continue using

Official stamps

until February 28, 1965.

Given that day was

a Sunday,

February 26

became the de facto

last day to use

Official

stamps by such

corporations







